SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier Canadian Drinking Water Phenoxyacid Herbicide Mixture

Other means of identification

Item M-CSCAN2B4

Recommended use For Laboratory Use Only

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Chem Service, Inc.
Address 660 Tower Lane

West Chester, PA 19380

United States

Telephone Toll Free 800-452-9994

Direct 610-692-3026

Website www.chemservice.com

E-mail info@chemservice.com

Emergency phone number Chemtrec US 800-424-9300

Chemtrec outside US +1 703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Sensitization, respiratory Category 1 Sensitization, skin Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 2

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

Category 1

Category 2

effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

0.3% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 98.9% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 98.9% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------|
| Acetone | | 67-64-1 | 98.9 |
| 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol | | 58-90-2 | 0.1 |
| 2,4,5-T (TM) | | 93-76-5 | 0.1 |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | | 88-06-2 | 0.1 |
| 2,4-D | | 94-75-7 | 0.1 |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol | | 120-83-2 | 0.1 |
| Bromoxynil | | 1689-84-5 | 0.1 |
| Dicamba | | 1918-00-9 | 0.1 |
| Diclofop methyl | | 51338-27-3 | 0.1 |
| Dinoseb | | 88-85-7 | 0.1 |
| Pentachlorophenol | | 87-86-5 | 0.1 |
| Picloram | | 1918-02-1 | 0.1 |

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER

or doctor/physician.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of

eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Difficulty in

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Occupational exposure limits

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-------------------------------|
| 2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5) | PEL | 10 mg/m3 | |
| 2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7) | PEL | 10 mg/m3 | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | PEL | 2400 mg/m3 | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |
| Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5) | PEL | 0.5 mg/m3 | |
| 67-66-5) Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1) | PEL | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| , | | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values | | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| 2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5) | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | |
| 2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7) | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | STEL | 750 ppm | |
| | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5) | STEL | 1 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction and vapor. |
| , | TWA | 0.5 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction and vapor. |
| Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1) | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | - 1 |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem | ical Hazards | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| 2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5) | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | |
| 2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7) | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | TWA | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 250 ppm | |
| Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5) | TWA | 0.5 mg/m3 | |

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

ComponentsTypeValue2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS
120-83-2)TWA6.7 mg/m3

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|-----------------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------------|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | 50 mg/l | Acetone | Urine | * |

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7) Can be absorbed through the skin. Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US WEEL Guides: Skin designation

2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

1 ppm

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protectionChemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. **Thermal hazards**Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene

considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Not available.
Odor Not available.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

M-CSCAN2B4 Version #: 01 Issue date: 02-03-2017

Melting point/freezing point -138.46 °F (-94.7 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

range

Flash point -4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

2.6 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

12.8 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 309.3 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 869 °F (465 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 0.79624 g/cm3 estimated

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Oxidizing properties

Percent volatile

Specific gravity

VOC (Weight %)

Not oxidizing.

98.9 % estimated

0.8 estimated

99.1 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Toxic gas.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May

cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Difficulty in

breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Test Results Components **Species** 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol (CAS 58-90-2) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit 250 mg/kg Oral LD50 Gerbil 698 mg/kg Guinea pig 250 mg/kg Mouse 131 mg/kg Rat 140 mg/kg 2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5) **Acute** Oral LD50 > 100 mg/kg Dog Guinea pig 381 mg/kg Mouse 389 mg/kg Rat 500 mg/kg 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2) **Acute** Oral Rat LD50 820 mg/kg 2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit 1400 mg/kg Rat 2000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Dog 100 mg/kg Fischer 344 rat 270 - 1103 mg/kg Guinea pig 469 mg/kg Hamster 500 mg/kg Mouse 300 mg/kg Rabbit 800 mg/kg Rat 275 mg/kg 2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2) **Acute** Dermal LD50 Mouse 3100 mg/kg Rat 780 mg/kg, Days Oral LD50 Guinea pig 500 - 1000 mg/kg Mouse 1276 - 1352 mg/kg 2000 - 2400 mg/kg Rat Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) **Acute Dermal** LD50 > 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours Guinea pig > 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours Rabbit > 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | > 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours |
| Inhalation | | |
| <i>Vapor</i> LC50 | Dat | FF700 ppm 2 Hours |
| LC50 | Rat | 55700 ppm, 3 Hours |
| | | 132 mg/l, 3 Hours |
| LC50 | Rat | 76 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| Vapor | 5. | 50 4 // |
| LC50 | Rat | 50.1 mg/l |
| LC50 | Rat | 50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours |
| Oral | | " |
| LD50 | Mouse | 5.2 g/kg |
| | Rat | 5800 mg/kg |
| | | 2.2 ml/kg |
| Bromoxynil (CAS 1689-84-5) | | |
| <u>Acute</u> | | |
| Dermal | 5 . | 0000 # |
| LD50 | Rat | 2000 mg/kg |
| Oral | M | 440 |
| LD50 | Mouse | 110 mg/kg |
| | Rat | 190 mg/kg |
| Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9) | | |
| Acute . | | |
| Dermal | Rat | 2000 mg/kg |
| LD50 | Rai | 2000 mg/kg |
| Oral LD50 | Guinea pig | 566 - 3000 mg/kg |
| LDS0 | | |
| | Rabbit | 566 - 2000 mg/kg |
| D: f | Rat | 757 mg/kg |
| Diclofop methyl (CAS 51338-27 | -3) | |
| Acute Domest | | |
| Dermal LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| Oral | Nat | > 5000 Hig/kg |
| LD50 | Rat | 580 mg/kg |
| Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7) | Nat | ooo mg/kg |
| Acute | | |
| <u>Nouto</u> Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Guinea pig | 100 mg/kg |
| | Rat | 30 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| | | 0.12 ml/kg, 24 Hours |
| Oral | | 0.12 Hilling, 24 Hours |
| LD100 | Rat | 60 mg/kg |
| LD50 | Rat | 27 mg/kg |
| | | Zi iliging |
| Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86- | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| <u>Acute</u> Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 96 mg/kg |
| Oral | | oo m y ny |
| LD50 | Rat | 146 mg/kg |
| ~~ | - | · · - · · · ʊ · · ʊ |

Components **Species Test Results**

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Cattle > 750 mg/kg

> Rat 8200 mg/kg > 100 mg/kg Sheep

Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Respiratory sensitization

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol (CAS 58-90-2) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Diclofop methyl (CAS 51338-27-3) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen. Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

May damage fertility or the unborn child. Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Components | | Species | Test Results |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2,3,4,6-Tetrachloropher | nol (CAS 58-90-2) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) | 0.11 - 0.16 mg/l, 96 hours |
| 2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-7 | 6-5) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Carp (Cyprinus carpio) | 5.3 mg/l, 96 hours |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (C | CAS 88-06-2) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 1.8 - 2.6 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) | 0.35 - 0.49 mg/l, 96 hours |

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

| Components | | Species | Test Results |
|------------------------|-------------|---|------------------------------|
| 2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia pulex) | 2.4 - 4.3 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Fish (Labeo boga) | 3.8 mg/l, 96 hours |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol (CA | S 120-83-2) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 1.2 - 1.7 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) | 1.6 - 2.6 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Bromoxynil (CAS 1689- | 84-5) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 0.045 - 0.07 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) | 11.5 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Dicamba (CAS 1918-00 |)-9) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Ostracod, Seed shrimp (Cypridopsis vidua) | > 100 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 28 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Diclofop methyl (CAS 5 | 1338-27-3) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 0.189 - 0.33 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Lake trout, siscowet (Salvelinus namaycush) | 0.024 - 0.054 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Pentachlorophenol (CA | S 87-86-5) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 0.273 - 0.375 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar) | 0.042 - 0.083 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Picloram (CAS 1918-02 | !-1) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 59 - 97 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Lake trout, siscowet (Salvelinus namaycush) | 1.6 - 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours |

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) | |
|---|-------|
| 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol | 4.45 |
| 2,4,5-T (TM) | 4 |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 3.69 |
| 2,4-D | 2.81 |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenol | 3.06 |
| Acetone | -0.24 |
| Bromoxynil | 2.8 |
| Dicamba | 2.21 |

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Pentachlorophenol 5.12

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Local disposal regulations

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

US RCRA Hazardous Waste P List: Reference

P020 Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1090 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Acetone, solution (Acetone RQ = 5056 LBS), MARINE POLLUTANT (2,4-Dichlorophenol)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group

Environmental hazards

Yes Marine pollutant

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T4, TP1

150 Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk 202 242 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN1090 **UN number**

Acetone solution (Acetone) UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group

Environmental hazards Yes **ERG Code** 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1090

ACETONE SOLUTION (Acetone), MARINE POLLUTANT **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3 Subsidiary risk П Packing group

SDS US 11 / 15 **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant Yes EmS F-E, S-D

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not established.

the IBC Code





IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2) 0.1 % One-Time Export Notification only.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Listed. 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol (CAS 58-90-2) 2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5) Listed. 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2) Listed. 2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7) Listed. 2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2) Listed. Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9) Listed. Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7) Listed. Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7) 1000 LBS

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name **Threshold Threshold** CAS number Reportable **Threshold** quantity planning quantity planning quantity, planning quantity, lower value upper value Dinoseb 88-85-7 1000 100 lbs 10000 lbs

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. | |
|---------------------------|------------|----------|--|
| 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol | 58-90-2 | 0.1 | |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 88-06-2 | 0.1 | |
| 2,4-D | 94-75-7 | 0.1 | |
| Pentachlorophenol | 87-86-5 | 0.1 | |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

US state regulations

US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol (CAS 58-90-2)

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Bromoxynil (CAS 1689-84-5)

Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)

Diclofop methyl (CAS 51338-27-3)

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

US - Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances: Special hazard

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol (CAS 58-90-2)

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2)

2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol (CAS 58-90-2)

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)

Diclofop methyl (CAS 51338-27-3)

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol (CAS 58-90-2)

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2)

Bromoxynil (CAS 1689-84-5)

Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)

Diclofop methyl (CAS 51338-27-3)

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol (CAS 58-90-2)

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol (CAS 58-90-2)

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

US. Rhode Island RTK

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol (CAS 58-90-2)

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

2,4-Dichlorophenol (CAS 120-83-2)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol (CAS 88-06-2)Listed: January 1, 1988Diclofop methyl (CAS 51338-27-3)Listed: April 6, 2010Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)Listed: January 1, 1990

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Bromoxynil (CAS 1689-84-5) Listed: October 1, 1990
Diclofop methyl (CAS 51338-27-3) Listed: March 5, 1999
Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7) Listed: January 1, 1989
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7) Listed: January 1, 1989

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | No |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | No |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | No |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | No |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | No |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | No |
| | | |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 02-03-2017

Version # 01

United States & Puerto Rico

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Disclaimer

The above information is believed to be correct on the date it was last revised and must not be considered all inclusive. The information has been obtained only by a search of available literature and is only a guide for handling the chemicals. OSHA regulations require that if other hazards become evident, an upgraded SDS must be made available to the employee within three months. RESPONSIBILITY for updates lies with the employer and not with CHEM SERVICE, Inc.

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No

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).